



Tuning z/OS for WebSphere 4.0.1 (A View from 100,000 Feet)

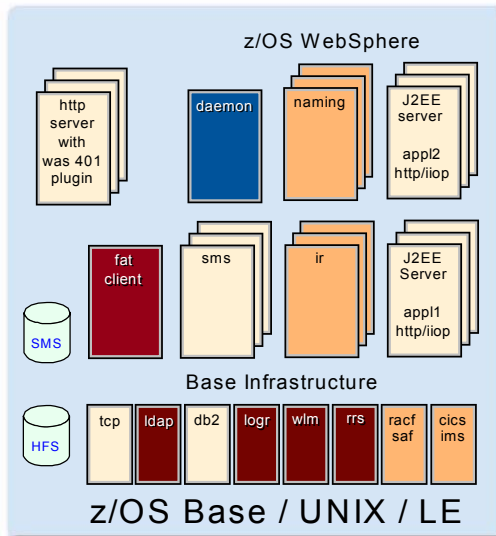
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Agenda for This Presentation

- Overview
- z/OS Base Tuning
- TCP/IP Tuning
- z/OS UNIX Tuning
- Language Environment (LE) Tuning
- Workload Manager Tuning
- Hardware Upgrades
- References
- Questions?

Overview: The Big WebSphere Picture



- **Base Infrastructure**

- z/OS and z/OS UNIX
- HFS and zFS
- Language Environment (LE)
- TCP/IP
- WLM
- System Logger
- DB2
- RACF (SAF)
- RRS

- **System Servers**

- DAEMON
- NAMING
- SMS (System Management Server)
- IR (Interface Repository)

- **J2EE Servers**

- Hosting J2EE applications

- **HTTP**

- IBM HTTP Server (plugin)
- J2EE Server HTTP Transport Handler

- **Backend**

- CICS
- IMS
- DB2
- MQSeries (JMS)

z/OS Base Tuning



- Hints for a smooth install
 - Pull PSP for WebSphere AND related products
 - Follow installation instructions to the letter
- Keep maintenance current
 - z/OS (including z/OS UNIX)
 - WebSphere Application Server (WAS)
 - Java
 - Language Environment (LE)
 - DB2 and JDBC
- Much new function being delivered via service

z/OS Base Tuning



- WebSphere storage consumption
 - Nine+ new address spaces
 - Each needs 384 MB minimum to initialize
 - Expect even more as workload increases
 - Add 200 MB if WebSphere modules not in LPA
- Virtual storage recommendation #1
 - Code "REGION=0M" in the JCL for:
 - WebSphere tasks (both run-time and server)
 - IBM HTTP Server (IHS or IMWEBSRV)
 - TCP/IP

z/OS Base Tuning



- Virtual storage recommendation #2
 - Investigate exits and thresholds that can limit region size
 - JES2 exit EXIT06
 - JES3 exit IATUX03
 - SMF exit IEFUSI
 - UNIX thresholds in BPXPRMxx
 - UNIX thresholds in RACF OMVS segments

z/OS Base Tuning



- Virtual storage recommendation #3
 - Place WAS load modules in dynamic LPALIB
 - Use dynamic option because of PDSE libraries
 - Add libraries to PROGxx PARMLIB member:
 - LPA ADD DSNAME(WAS40.WAS.SBBOLPA) MASK(*)
 - LPA ADD DSNAME(WAS40.WAS.SBBOLOAD) MASK(*)
 - Use COM='SET PROG=xx' in COMMNDxx to activate
 - Check and increase ECSA size accordingly
 - Check and increase size of CSA page data set
 - Remove any unneeded STEPLIBs from JCL

z/OS Base Tuning



- Virtual storage recommendation #4
 - If storage resources are still a problem, consider:
 - Reducing JVM heap size (256 MB is the default)
 - Reducing LE heap size (80 MB is the default)

z/OS Base Tuning



- GRS considerations
 - ENQ/DEQ used for global WebSphere transactions
 - Suggest you set GRS options based on configuration:
 - For a sysplex, use GRS=STAR
 - For a monoplex, use GRS=NONE

z/OS Base Tuning



- Component tracing
 - Check this debugging option that affects performance
 - Identify components being traced
 - D TRACE,COMP=ALL
 - Disable trace if not needed
 - TRACE CT,OFF,COMP=xxxx (temporary)
 - SYS1.PARMLIB(CTnccccx) (permanent)

z/OS Base Tuning



- System Logger
 - Common sysplex-wide logging facility
 - One logger task per image
 - Provides a single-system view of logged data
 - Supports two types of logstreams
 - DASD-only logstream
 - Coupling Facility logstream
 - Recommendations
 - Use Coupling Facility logstream
 - Else, use fast devices with DASD Fast Write (DFW)
 - Else, allocate logstreams with large CI sizes

z/OS Base Tuning



- System Logger logstream sizes
 - Small logs cause overhead during offload
 - Large logs may exhaust space in Coupling Facility
 - SMF record type 88 may be used to monitor and tune
 - Is CF size adequate?
 - What is the offload frequency?
- Use of the RRS Archive Log
 - Expect 1-3 records for each WebSphere transaction
 - Consider disabling log because of extra overhead
 - Create log during application development and tuning
 - Disable log when application stabilizes

TCP/IP Tuning



- TCPIP.PROFILE changes
 - Increase send/receive buffer sizes from 16K default

```
TCPCONFIG TCPSENBFRSIZE 65535
TCPRCVBUFRSIZE 65535
```
 - Add 'NODELAYACKS' to PORT statement(s)
 - Shortens delay in sending ACK response back to client
 - Should improve throughput for trivial transactions
 - Adds slightly more overhead for complex transactions
 - Specify 'SHAREPORT OFF' (default)
 - A value of 'ON' allows sharing of the same port number
 - Avoid 'ON' if possible due to excessive overhead

TCP/IP Tuning



- TCP/IP and VTAM
 - If mixing web-based and legacy applications...
 - ...Same dispatching priority for TCP/IP and VTAM
- HiperSockets for IP traffic in a Sysplex
 - Faster and less overhead than using XCF
- Advanced TCP/IP network options
 - Multiple TCP/IP stacks (availability)
 - Connection Optimization (WLM and DNS)
 - WebSphere Edge Server

z/OS UNIX Tuning



- Changing UNIX threshold values
 - Update BPXPRMxx for a permanent change
 - Use SETOMVS command for a temporary change
 - Check values when configuration changes
 - HTTP Server operational mode (Standalone/Scalable)
 - HTTP Server versus HTTP Transport Handler
 - Transaction load
 - Consider RACF overrides for some changes
 - Monitor regularly to prevent problems

z/OS UNIX Tuning



- MAXFILEPROC
 - Defines maximum files open for any one process
 - Use 10000 for up to 150 concurrent users
 - Or ... 120 X number of web requests per second
 - Consider RACF override for this threshold
- MAXTHREADTASKS
 - Defines maximum active threads for any one process
 - Use 1000-5000 based on transaction load

z/OS UNIX Tuning



- MAXTHREADS
 - Defines maximum total threads for any one process
 - Use 2 X value of MAXTHREADTASKS
- MAXSOCKETS
 - Defines maximum sockets in AF_INET socket family
 - Use (2 X value of MAXFILEPROC) + 500
- IPCSHMMPAGES
 - Defines maximum pages for shared memory segments
 - Use 256 (for IHS running in Scalable mode)

z/OS UNIX Tuning



- zSeries File System (zFS)
 - More efficient alternative to HFS
 - An enhancement to the DCE Episode file system
 - Supported starting with z/OS V1R2
 - Available to z/OS V1R1 and OS/390 V2R10 via service
 - Two types of file systems supported
 - Compatibility Mode aggregate
 - Multi-File System aggregate

z/OS UNIX Tuning



- zSeries File System (zFS) considerations
 - Transparent to applications (no changes needed)
 - Performs much better for random access
 - May perform better for sequential access
 - Other enhancements
 - File system cloning
 - Space Quotas and Access Lists
 - Better error recovery after system outages
 - But...
 - More difficult to administer
 - Cannot replace HFS in some cases

Language Environment (LE) Tuning



- General tuning hints
 - Put reentrant LE routines in common storage
 - Update SYS1.PARMLIB(LPALSTxx)
 - Add library name CEE.SCEELPA
 - Place non-reentrant LE routines in the link list
 - Update SYS1.PARMLIB(LNKLSTxx)
 - Add library name CEE.SCEERUN
 - But ... when running multiple LE versions
 - Do not add modules to LPALIB/link list
 - Use Run-Time Library Services (RTLS) instead

Language Environment (LE) Tuning



- Application tuning hints
 - Update JCL for the server regions
 - Set PARM='RPTOPTS(ON),RPTSTG(ON)'
 - This will display LE options and storage statistics
 - Results will appear in joblog after a clean shutdown
 - VARY WLM,APPLENV=xxxx,QUIESCE
 - P server_name
 - Evaluate results and change options as needed
 - Remove options from JCL when finished

Language Environment (LE) Tuning



- Heap size tuning hints
 - Default of 80MB may be too large
 - Add 'RPTOPTS(ON),RPTSTG(ON)' to JCL as shown earlier
 - Evaluate output and reduce defaults if appropriate
 - HEAP(iiM,ssM)
 - ii = Initial heap allocation size in MB
 - ss = Secondary heap allocation size in MB
 - Test results and adjust values as needed
 - As before, remove diagnostic options when finished

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Control Region Service Classes
 - Assigned with the STC subsystem classification rules
 - Assign a high-velocity Service Class (or SYSSTC)
 - Consider a separate Reporting Class
 - Assign Service Class to the following tasks:
 - Daemon Server Control Region
 - System Management Server (SMS) Control Region
 - Naming Server Control Region
 - Interface Repository Control Region
 - Application Server Control Regions (J2EE and MOFW)

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Application Environments
 - A feature of Workload Manager used by:
 - WebSphere Server Regions
 - DB2 Stored Procedures
 - MQSeries Workflow
 - SOM
 - Implemented using Enclaves
 - Composed of a Queuing Manager and Server Regions

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Application Environments
 - Queuing Manager
 - Usually only one
 - Receives work and passes it to WLM
 - WLM passes work on to a Server Region
 - Server Regions
 - Usually multiple; running in separate address spaces
 - Accepts work from Queuing Manager and WLM
 - WLM will start the first one when work arrives (optional)
 - WLM will start/stop others to meet Service Class goals
 - Server Regions may run across a Sysplex

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Defining WebSphere Application Environments
 - Required for run-time and application server regions
 - System Management Server (SMS) Server Region
 - Naming Server Server Region
 - Interface Repository Server Region
 - Application Server Server Regions (J2EE and MOFW)
 - Define with subsystem type CB
 - Specify the PROC name to be started by WLM
 - Set number of servers to 'No limit'
 - Consider using '1' just during new application testing
 - Directives MIN_SRS and MAX_SRS also control this

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Server Region Service Classes
 - Started with the STC subsystem classification rules
 - Assign a high-velocity Service Class (or SYSSTC)
 - Arriving transactions put into new Service Classes
 - Service Class assignment is driven by Control Region
 - Transaction is then passed to WLM
 - WLM assigns to appropriate Server Region
 - Only one active Service Class per Address Space
 - WLM starts MIN_SRS=x Regions for each Service Class
 - MAX_SRS=x limits upper bound and may cause waiting
 - Set MAX_SRS = (MIN_SRS * maximum Service Classes)

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- WebSphere transactions and WLM subsystems

<u>Transaction Source</u>	<u>Subsystem</u>
HTTP Server (Standalone mode)	CB
HTTP Server (Scalable mode)	IWEB
HTTP Server (Enclave mode)	IWEB
HTTP Transport Handler	CB
IIO Client	CB

Workload Manager (WLM) Tuning



- Transaction Service Class guidelines
 - Suggest using a response-time based goal
 - Set priorities based on business goals
 - Use default CB/IWEB Service Class with high priority
 - Allows you to detect classification errors without penalty
 - Otherwise, default is SYSOTHER (low priority)
 - Subsystem CB classification can be based upon
 - Collection Name (CN); Logical server name
 - Subsystem Instance (SI); Logical server instance
 - Userid (UI)
 - Transaction Class (TC)

Hardware Upgrades



- Processor upgrade
 - Model G5+ provides native IEEE floating point support
 - Java workloads are floating-point intensive
- Memory upgrade
 - Expect to use 512 MB for a lightly-loaded system
 - Expect to use up to 2 GB for heavy workloads
- Other upgrades
 - Hardware encryption for SSL-heavy workloads
 - Network bandwidth
 - Sysplex configuration

References



- WebSphere tuning
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 - *z/OS for e-business - An introduction to System Tuning*; **SG24-6542-00; www.redbooks.ibm.com**
 - *Performance Tuning for WebSphere on z/OS*; **Bob St. John; IBM; SHARE 100 Session 2565; February, 2003**
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References



- WebSphere tuning
 - *WLM Application Environments*; **Kathy Walsh; IBM; SHARE 99 Session 2513; August 2002**
 - *Configuring WebSphere V4 for z/OS for Availability and Performance*; **John Hutchinson; IBM; SHARE 100 Session 2962; February, 2003**
 - *WebSphere Transaction Classification*; **Cheryl Watson's TUNING Letter 2003, No. 1; www.watsonwalker.com**
 - *Maximizing WebSphere Performance on z/OS*; **4.5 days; IBM Learning Services; Course Code OZ850**
 - Questions?